

Analysis of Algorithms

- An algorithm is clearly a specified set of instructions to be followed to solve a problem.
- The step by step procedure of an algorithm defines a set of instructions to be executed in a certain order to get a desired output.
- Algorithms are generally created independent of the underlying of the languages.
- In simple words, it is the core logic of a problem.

Characteristics of an Algorithm

- Unambiguos
- Input
- Output
- Finiteness
- Feasibility
- Correctness
- Independent

Space Complexity

- The space complexity is the amount of memory it needs to run to completion.
- The space needed by the program has the following components
 - Instruction Space
 - Data Space
 - Environment Stack Space

Time Complexity

- Amount of computer time required to it needs run to completion.
- To approaches to estimating run time are:
 - Operation count
 - Step count